

KATE FIELD'S OPINION.

She Has It With Her, but It's Inaccessible.

WILL WRITE ON ANNEXATION.

In a Mosquito-proof Room She Feels Safe—Some Ideas Regarding Population—A Lover of Old Glory—Suggestions as to Laborers—Negro Labor.

Kate Field, the well known writer and lecturer, is at the Hawaiian Hotel, where she has comfortable quarters. Knowing her antipathy to mosquitoes, the manager of the hotel provided the distinguished woman with



MISS KATE FIELD, EDITOR OF KATE FIELD'S WASHINGTON—A BRILLIANT WRITER AND LECTURER.

rooms so well protected by wire that the mosquito has no more chance to become on familiar terms with her than a newspaper man has to interview the Czar of Russia. And Miss Field likes the place.

"So you do not want my ideas on woman's suffrage. Then you are different from the majority of newspaper representatives; they seem to enjoy having me say that woman's rights are but the rights of men. Now you see I have told you in a half dozen words what woman's rights should be and are."

"True enough; but we knew all that before you came. 'Woman's rights' is not the most important topic of thought or conversation among the people here; we are interested in other things more than that, for instance: What about the annexation of the islands?"

"Precisely what I came here to find out," remarked the little woman. "Located as I have been in Washington, I have had opportunities for feeling the pulse of the people there; now I want to ascertain the views of the people on the islands."

"You mean that you will mingle among the members of both political parties here?"

"Both. If I felt certain that there are two parties, I would feel that the task is an easy one; but I am told there are more."

"In a sense, yes! because people whose views vary to an extent that place them in a different position from others, but they do not constitute a party. You may figure on two parties—the ins and the outs."

"Then it will be plain sailing. I came here, you understand, entirely unbiased. Oh yes; I have an opinion—everyone has, but I do not intend that it shall influence me in my letters to the Times-Herald. I will not let it out, so to speak, and form a new opinion after I have visited among the people."

"Do you believe the country will be annexed, or, rather, do the people of the United States favor annexation?"

"Some people do, others do not. Your vast Asiatic population is against it. The people there, or, rather, an element of the population, opposes the annexation of territory where the population is so decidedly mixed as it is here. But there is another side. The people there have not recovered from the shock at the news of hauling down the American flag. Sentiment, you may say, but it is sentiment that makes the world go round. They do not consider the reasons for its going up, but when once in position over a Government building there was a desire in the heart of every one to have it remain. As to any opposition there may exist here to America, let me say it is wrong. From what I have gathered, from books I have read and from debates by the bright men in Congress, I believe that the prosperity of the peo-

ple here is due to America. There should be no division of opinion upon that, and if a preference is to be given any one it should be America."

"That has never been disputed here, but there is a point where the worm will turn. The islands, metaphorically speaking, were carried across an ocean and a continent and laid on the steps of your capitol. The broom used in the new administration swept them off and here we are."

"That is very true, but that is scarcely enough to make a worm, as you say, turn. Nor does it release the people here of their obligations to the United States for the prosperity they have enjoyed during the reciprocity treaty. The minute you do that you extend an invitation to some other nation to come in and take possession."

"But about the objections people have to annexing us on the score of Asiatics. We have an industry that can be best worked by Asiatic labor. The climate is such that people of other nationalities cannot compete with them as field laborers."

"You have the Portuguese!"

"Yes! but do you know the percentage of that race who renew their contracts at their expiration? No! Well, it is very small. They complete their term of service and then they go into

sure Hawaiian matters will have some attention in Congress."

"When will you begin your inquiries, Miss Field?"

"Inquiry? You speak as though I was a Blount. I shall gather information from the people I meet, through intercourse with them. Al ready I have met President and Mrs. Dole and Minister Damon and wife, and ever so many more charming people; and see here," picking up a double handful of letters addressed to prominent people, "I expect to meet all of these people; they don't know I have them, so if I don't post them they will not call on me, and you know I want to meet them all. The first thing I will advocate after I get settled here will be a cable. Fancy getting up in the morning and not being able to learn what is going on in the rest of the States. I don't remember ever having been in such a position before, and I confess I don't like it. I presume I can get used to it just as the business men can reconcile themselves to conducting their daily affairs without reading the market reports until they are a week or more old."

When asked if she would visit the other islands, Miss Field remarked that she would like very much to visit the crater and she probably would. As a writer and lecturer Kate Field is known the world over, and her opinions on matters of a national interest are courted by some of the most prominent members of the Senate and House in Washington. Her paper, Kate Field's Washington, contained articles from her pen that were quoted in half the papers in the States. Having lived so long in Washington she has paid more attention to national politics than local ones. The G. A. R. recognized her efforts in a certain direction and presented her with a magnificent badge studded with diamonds. Again, for her efforts in having works of art put on the free list in the United States, the Republic of France elected her an officer of public instruction and presented her with one of the highest decorations of that government. Her lectures have been a factor in changing affairs in Utah, where she is looked upon with great favor.

HILO WANTS A ROAD

To Lots in Kaunama District, in the Vicinity of Hilo.

Resolutions Adopted—The Government Asked to Build Without Delay. Numerous Signers.

At a meeting of the Kaunama Association, composed of persons owning Government land in that tract near Hilo, the following resolutions were adopted:

Whereas, At a meeting of certain purchasers of lots laid out by the Government on Kaunama, and purchasers and owners of adjacent lands, held at the court house in Hilo, Hawaii, on the evening of December 7, 1894, the following resolutions were adopted:

Whereas, The Hawaiian Government has set aside for the purpose of settlement certain of the land of Kaunama, said land being within a comparatively short distance from the town of Hilo, Hawaii; and

Whereas, A large number of lots on said land of Kaunama were sold at public auction under certain restrictions and conditions having for their object the acquisition of the same by bona fide purchasers; and

Whereas, The whole of said tract, as well as adjacent land now owned by the Government, as well as large lands now owned by private persons, are being opened up for settlement and will greatly aid to the progress and commercial development of the town and port of Hilo; and

Whereas, All of said lots on Kaunama, as well as the adjacent land, are accessible only by a bridge trail over and along the lava flow of 1881; and

Whereas, There is every reason to believe that a wagon road from Hilo to and through said land, by way of Rainbow Falls could be constructed at a comparatively small expense; therefore be it

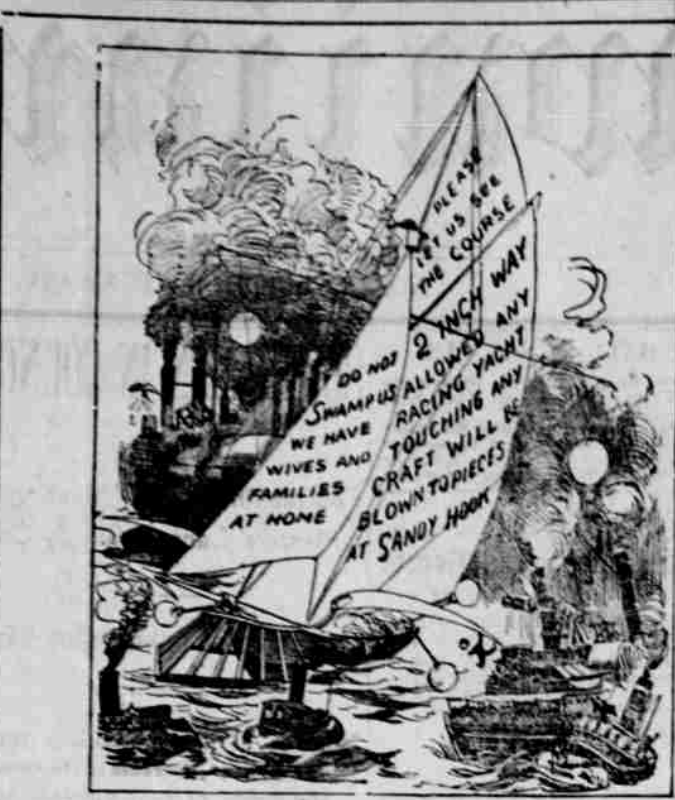
Resolved, That the undersigned, purchasers and settlers on the land of Kaunama, and owners and lessees of adjacent lands, do hereby petition the Hawaiian Government, through our regularly elected Representative and Senators, for an appropriation sufficient to construct a road to and through said land; and be it

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions and petition be forwarded by the secretary to our representative and to the Senators for the island of Hawaii, and that a copy of the same be furnished to the Minister of the Interior and to the press for publication.

(Signed) J. G. Serran, John E. Taylor, Joseph Vierra, Levi C. Lyman, per F. S. L.; Ellen G. Lyman, H. C. Hitchcock, H. Williams, Thos. Mutch, M. K. Williams, Charles Auld, W. C. Borden, Alex. Cockburn, J. S. Canario, Ida B. Castle, by A. B. L.; Catherine Vierra, L. Turner, J. T. Silva, John Lycurgus, W. R. Castle, by A. B. L.; Gardner K. Wilder, for lessees of Waihanalei; Mrs. J. L. Riehn, William Ebeling, William R. Castle, by A. B. L.; A. E. H. Moore.

Thereafter it is recited that we call the attention of the Executive to the fact that as yet no steps have been taken looking toward the construction of said road, and that we urge that steps be taken immediately, and urgently request that the sum of \$5000 be appropriated for the same.

The wife of Mr. Leonard Wells, of East Brimfield, Mass., had been suffering from neuralgia for two days, not being able to sleep or hardly keep still, when Mr. Holden, the merchant there, sent her a bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm, and asked that she give it a thorough trial. On meeting Mr. Wells the next day he was told that she was all right, the pain had left her within two hours, and that the bottle of Pain Balm was worth \$5.00 if it could not be had for less. For sale at 50 cents per bottle by all dealers. BROWN, SMITH & Co., agents for H. I.



THE NEXT YACHT WE WILL SEND TO AMERICA. —London New Budget.



W. J. Baker North Pembroke, Mass.

After the Grip

Relief from Hood's Sarsaparilla Wonderful and Permanent.

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.: 'I had kidney trouble and severe pains in my back, which was brought about by a cold contracted while in camp at Lincolnfield in 1882. I have been troubled more or less since that time and have been unable to do any heavy work, much less any lifting. I received only temporary relief from medicine. Last spring I had an attack of the grip, which left me with

A Bad Cough, Very Weak physically, in fact my system was completely run down. I tried a bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla and it made me feel so much better that I continued taking it, and have taken six bottles. It has done wonders for me, as I have not been so free from my old pains and troubles since the

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures war. I consider Hood's Sarsaparilla a God-sent blessing to the suffering." WILLIAM J. BAKER, North Pembroke, Mass.

Hood's Pills cure Constipation by restoring the peristaltic action of the alimentary canal.

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A wonderful medical discovery prescribed by physicians with perfect success in cases of morbid appetite for stimulants, malaria, malarial fever and disordered stomach, kidneys and liver. Cures when all other remedies fail.

The Perfect Tonic.

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SAN FRANCISCO.
Island Orders Promptly Filled.

SEQUAH

Endorsed by the English Press.

"ROCKDALE OBSERVER" [May 3, 1890], remarks: "Some remarkable cures have certainly been effected by Sequah's medicines."

"STAFFORD NEWS" [Apr. 6th, 1890], speaking of Sequah's remedies, says: "The cures remain, and men are walking about to-day, who for the past ten years read novels in their beds during the intervals snatched from dry cough, potions and pills."

"HIDDERBURY STAR" [May 2, 1890], "The cures made by Sequah's Remedies, have excited a great deal of talk, because the patients art well known as having suffered a number of years. Some of them have been afflicted for 20 years."

"ROCKDALE STAR" [May 3rd, 1890], "It cannot be denied that persons well known in Rockdale, known to have suffered from the poor man's cure, rheumatism, have secured permanent relief by the use of Sequah's Remedies."

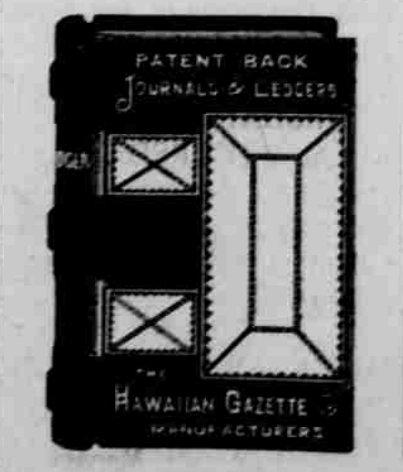
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COLDS, COUGHS, INFLUENZA, SORE THROAT

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

Will relieve the most distressing cough, soothe the inflamed membrane, loosen the phlegm, and induce refreshing sleep. For the cure of Croup, Whooping Cough, Sore Throat, and all the pulmonary troubles to which the young are so liable, there is no other remedy so effective as

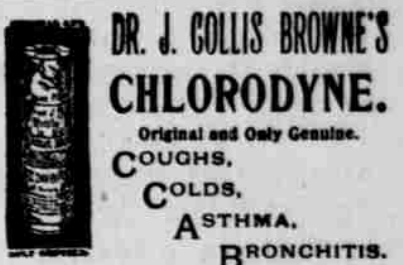
AYER'S Cherry Pectoral

A Record of nearly 60 years

Gold Medals at the World's Chief Expositions.

The name, Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, is prominent on the wrapper and is blown in the glass of each bottle. Take no cheap imitation.

HOLLISTER DRUG COMPANY, Agents for Hawaiian Islands.



Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne. Vice-Chancellor SIR W. PAGE WOOD stated publicly in court that Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE was undoubtedly the INVENTOR OF CHLORODYNE, that the whole story of the defendant Freeman was deliberately untrue, and he regretted to say it had been sworn to. See The Times, July 13, 1884.

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne is a liquid medicine which assuages PAIN of EVERY KIND, affords a calm, refreshing sleep WITHOUT HEADACHE, and INVIGORATES the nervous system when exhausted. It is the Great Specific for Cholera, Dysentery, Diarrhoea.

The General Board of Health, London, report that it ACTS as a CHARM, one dose generally sufficient.

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Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne is the TRUE PALLIATIVE in Neuralgia, Gout, Cancer, Toothache, Rheumatism.

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne Rapidly cuts short all attacks of Epilepsy, Spasms, Colic, Palpitation, Hysteria.

Important Caution.—The Immense Sale of this Remedy has given rise to many Unscrupulous Imitations.

N. B.—Every Bottle of Genuine Chlorodyne bears on the Government Stamp the name of the inventor, Dr. J. Collis Browne. Sold in bottles 1s. 1d., 2s. 6d. and 4s. 6d., by all chemists.

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WILL CURE YOUR COUGH.

ALL THE WORLD OVER, THE RECOMMENDED REMEDY FOR COUGHS, COLDS, AND BRONCHITIS. 20,000 CHEMISTS SELL IT.

Those who have not already given it a trial should do so at once.

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